A New Species of Maxillaria

CHARLES SCHWEINFURTH

HIS SPECIES APPEARS to be quite unique in its relatively large striped flowers and elongated column. The lip recalls that of *Maxillaria umbratilis* L.O. Wms. (Camaridium nutantiflorum Schltr.)

Maxillaria tigrina C. Schweinf., sp. nov.

Herba mediocris, epiphytica, rhizomatosa. Rhizoma gracile, flexuosum, vaginis distichis imbricantibus omnino celatum. Pseudobulbi parvi, remoti, conici vel cylindracei, unifoliatae. Folium anguste et breviter petiolatum; lamina anguste elliptico-oblonga vel ligulata, obtusa. Flos pro planta magnus, conspicue striatus. Sepalum dorsale elliptico-oblongum, acutum. Sepala lateralia oblique ovato-oblonga, acuta, recurva, quam sepalum dorsale paulo breviora et latiora. Petala ovato-elliptica, acuta, sepalis latiora. Labellum sepalis et petalis multo minus, profunde trilo-batum, erectum et columnae subparallelum, lateraliter visum sigmoideum; lobi laterales parvi, oblique semiovato-triangulares; lobus medius multo major, ovato-oblongus, apice rotundato-apiculatus, marginibus lateralibus revolutis; discus inter lobos laterales erectus callo transverso carnoso praeditus. Columna magna, arcuata, ad basim sensim ampliatum.



Single flower of Maxillaria tigrina (3x)



Scandent plant habit of Maxillaria tigrina $(\frac{1}{2}x)$

Plant medium-sized, epiphytic, with a prominent rhizome. Rhizome slender, flexuous, sparingly branched, entirely concealed by closely imbricating, distichous, lanceolate, long-acuminate sheaths, bearing pseudobulbs about 3 cm. apart. Pseudobulbs small, cylindric or conic-cylindric, curved and striate-rugose in the dried specimen, unifoliate, about 1.3 cm. high. Leaf petioled; lamina narrowly elliptic-oblong to ligulate, obtuse, cuneate below, up to 6 cm. long and 1.2 cm. wide; petiole slender, about 1 cm. or more long. Flower large for the plant, arising singly from the base of a mature pseudobulb, conspicuously lined or striped, the peduncle and pedicellate ovary concealed by several deeply concave, distichous, imbricating sheaths. Dorsal sepal elliptic-oblong, acute, concave, about 19 mm. long and 6.5 mm. wide. Lateral sepals obliquely ovate-oblong, acute, recurved in natural position, about 17 mm. long and 7.5 mm. wide. Petals ovate-elliptic, acute, about 17.5 mm. long and 9 mm. wide. Lip much smaller than the other segments, erect and subparallel with the column and sigmoid-curved in natural position when viewed from the side, sharply 3-lobed with the lateral lobes erect-incurved and the mid-lobe semi-circular-incurved, about 9 mm, long when forcibly expanded; lateral lobes small, erect, obliquely semiovate-triangular, obtuse; mid-lobe much larger, ovate-oblong with revolute sides, rounded and apiculate at the apex, about 7 mm. long and 3.8 mm. wide, the anterior margins crenulate; disc at base fleshy-thickened, the thickening terminating in a broad transverse callus between the erect lateral lobes. Column large, arcuate, gradually dilated toward the oblique base, about 6 mm, long at the back.

Costa Rica: Prov. of Heredia, near Los Cartagos, "at immediate boundary of Prov. de Alajuela," on Cordillera Central near the continental divide, at about 1900-2000 meters altitude, in cool cloud forest, Rebecca T. Northen s.n. (type in Herb. Ames 089710). — Orchid Herbarium of Oakes Ames, Botanical Museum of Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138.